Title:	Photodynamic therapy for skin and mucosal cancer (PDT) May 1999
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# Aim

To assess the safety and effectiveness of the service and under what circumstances public funding should be supported for the service.

### **Conclusions and results**

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Safety	PDT is safe.
Effectiveness	Trials undertaken have been too small or lacked sufficient controls to
	provide firm evidence relating to the effectiveness of PDT relative to
	current treatment options. Long-term follow up is necessary to resolve
	uncertainties pertaining to:
	the massive rate of DDT in the management of non-maleness ship

- the precise role of PDT in the management of non-melanoma skin cancers and related skin lesions;
- appropriate indications for PDT;
- selection of patients for PDT;
- where to treat patients; and
- unresolved issues associated with the physics and diosmetry of PDT.

*Cost-effectiveness* No cost comparisions with other treatment are available. However, PDT has the potential to be very cost-effective.

## Recommendations

PDT not be supported for public funding due to lack of sufficient evidence.

## Method

MSAC conducted a systematic review of medical literature via Medline, EmBase, and HealthSTAR from 1993-98.

## **Further research**

PDT trials are underway in Brisbane and at the Skin and Cancer Foundation in Melbourne. Research is continuing into the most appropriate light delivery system and photosensitiser for PDT.